

FACULTY OF SCIENCE SCHOOL OF BEES

GEOS3821 GEOGRAPHIC DATA ANALYSIS

AND

GEOS9017

Advanced GIS

Contents:

1.	Information about the courses	3
	Staff involved	
	Course details	
4.	Rationale and strategies underpinning the course	6
	Course schedule	
6.	Additional resources and support	9
	Required Equipment, Training and Enabling Skills	
	Assessment Tasks and Feedback	
9.	Course Evaluation and Development	10
	Administrative Matters	
11.	UNSW Academic Honesty and Plagiarism	12
	Major project outline and marking criteria	

3. Course details

Course Description² (Handbook Entry)

GEOS3821:

The field of Geographic Information Systems has expanded considerably over the past decade and the world has become very much richer in digital geographic information. Vast amounts of geographic data are routinely collected, with approximately 80% of all data collected having geographic attributes. This course explores a toolbox of conceptual approaches and methods to model and analyse a range of highly complex, often non-deterministic, geographic problems. It explores a true enabling technology for the natural sciences in addition to a rich source of computational and representational challenges for the computer sciences. This course emphasises a range of GIS and spatial data analysis approaches via a disparate selection of real-world applications.

GEOS9017:

Geographic information systems have improved considerably over the past decade in response to a world that has become very much richer in digital geographic information. The requirement to build complex applications and simulations has become more urgent with the need to plan for a changing climate, to feed an increasing population and to provide pinpoint marketing analysis for business. This course explores a toolbox of conceptual approaches and methods to model and analyse a range of highly complex, often non-deterministic problems. It provides a true enabling technology for the natural sciences and a rich source of computational and representational challenges for the computer sciences. Topics covered include spatial dynamic spatio-temporal modelling; geostatistics; error analysis and data accuracy; network analysis; and machine learning and artificial intelligence methods in GIS.

Graduate Attributes Developed in this Course

Science Graduate Attributes		FOCUS 0 = NO FOCUS 1 = MINIMAL 2 = MINOR 3 = MAJOR	Activities / Assessment
1.	Research, inquiry and analytical thinking abilities	3	All will be achieved through the main project
2.	Capability and motivation for intellectual development	3	
3.	Ethical, social and professional understanding	1	
4.	Communication	2	
5.	Teamwork, collaborative and management skills	3	
6.	Information literacy	3	
Major Topics		See the lecture sequ	uence

Relationship to Other Courses within the Program

(Syllabus Outline)

This course explores the application of advanced conceptual approaches and techniques to model and analyse a range of highly complex, often non-deterministic spatial problems. Such approaches are essential for the modern study of many different components of the environmental and geosciences. It provides examples of what can be done using such spatial data, as well as a grounding in how to effectively use such data.

4. Rationale and strategies underpinning the course

Rationale for learning and teaching in this course – How this course is taught Spatial analysis is technical in nature, in that one needs to use software to achieve one's aims. However, this course is not about teaching software. It is about the principles of GI Science and spatial analysis (software changes rapidly while principles do not).

There are three elements that you should use for learning in the course. The textbooks provide an overview of the subject, and are a key reference source. In the case of the software, there are detailed online manuals that

Access to the lecturer

I am available immediately after lectures, and the labs are devoted to the major project. If you encounter a problem outside of the scheduled contact periods, then what you should do depends on the nature of the problem.

If your problem is conceptual then please contact me by email or telephone to arrange a time to discuss it. I often have other meetings or am away from the university, so this will save you long periods of waiting around or trying to find me. Please provide a short summary of the area

5. Course schedule

Week	Lectures & topics	Labs	Assignment and Submission dates
1	Course introduction and overview Spatial analysis concepts: Local & global; autocorrelation, dependence, structure; MAUP; geographic neighbourhoods	Explore data sets and select which you will use for the course. Try some initial analyses. Tuesday only	

Univariate spatial analysis of continuous field data 6. Local: Gi* hotspots, Moran's I autm 2

t qt

6. Additional r

7. Required Equipment, Training and Enabling Skills

Required equipment Provided in the computer labs.

Enabling skills training which may be required to complete this course Working knowledge of ArcGIS Desktop or ArcGIS Pro.

8.

10. Administrative Matters

Expectations of Students

You are expected to attend all lectures and laboratories. All assessable items are compulsory.

Assignment Submissions

Assignments are to be submitted using the Moodle assignment submission system. Extensions will not be granted unless supported by

documentation (e.g.

11.	UNSW	Academic	Honesty	and	Plagiarism

available to UNSW Staff and students. See http://www.it.unsw.edu.au. You can also consider the Mendeley or Zotero packages (https://www.zotero.org). Learning how to use such software will make writing assignments considerably easier, and will solve most of your problems with building referencing lists (providing your database is correct). Most journal web sites also now support the direct export of citations into reference management software.