

## MATHEMATICS ENRICHMENT CLUB. <sup>1</sup> Problem Sheet 4, May 28, 2013

- 1. (a) Show that whatever base **b** is used, the number  $(21)_b$  is never equal to twice  $(12)_b$ .
  - (b) Find all the numbers and all bases b 12 for which there exists a two digit number (ac)<sub>b</sub> which is twice the number obtained by reversing its digits.
  - (c) Find all bases **b** and all numbers  $\mathbf{n} = (\mathbf{ac})_b$  such that  $\mathbf{n} = 2$   $(\mathbf{ac})_b$ .
- 2. In how many ways is it possible to write 1000 as a sum of consecutive odd integers?
- 3. Draw a right triangle ABC with right-angle at C and the sides marked a; b; cas usual.
  - (a) Draw the enlargement  $A^{\circ}B^{\circ}C^{\circ}$  of ABC by a factor of **a**.
  - (b) On the same diagram draw the enlargement  $A^0 \mathcal{B}$   $B^{\circ} \mathcal{C}$ 
    - B<sup>°</sup>℃<sup>0</sup> with A<sup>°</sup>℃<sup>00</sup> so that A<sup>°</sup>, B<sup>0</sup> and new triangle A<sup>0</sup>B<sup>0</sup>℃<sup>000</sup>
    - (c) Explain why the angle at  $C^{009}$  s a right angle.
    - (d)

## Senior Questions

- 1. The hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle is 15 cm and the radius of the inscribed circle is 2cm. Find the perimeter of the triangle.
- Suppose we place one of the numbers 1,2,3,...,2000 into each of 2000 boxes. Remove the two numbers a and b from any two boxes, chosen at random, and put their di erence a b into one of the two boxes chosen and remove the empty box. Repeat the process until only one box remains. Show that the number in this box must be even.