MATHEMATICS ENRICHMENT CLUB. Problem Sheet 10, July 29, 2014

1. A dartboard is a circle of radiusR representing the scoring area, mounted on a larger circle. It is divided into 20 4 + 2 regions: A bullseye - a circle at the centre with radius R=50, a bull's ring - an annulus about the bullseye with outer radius R=50, then the remainder is divided into 20 equal wedges, each of which has a `double' and a `treble'. The trebles make up an annulus with inner and outer radii 3R=50 and 33R=50 respectively, while the doubles make up an annulus of inner and outer radii 48R=50 and R respectively. The bullseye is worth 50 points, bull's ring worth 25 and each wedge is worth as much as labelled on the outside. The trebles and doubles are worth thrice and twice as much as their wedge respectively.

A random dart thrower always scores but is equally likely to hit any part of the scoring region as any other. What is the expected score of a random dart thrower who throws 3 darts?

 A_{R}

 A_R

- (a) Picture for question 1
- (b) Picture for question 2
- 2. In the picture there is a square which has a quarter of a circle inside which is divided into four regions by two semi circles. Find the ratio of the area of the blue $\operatorname{region}_{A_B}$, to the area of red $\operatorname{region}_{A_B}$.

¹Some problems from UNSW's publicationParabola, some from Project Euler

3. A permutation is an ordered arrangement of objects. For example, 3124 is a permutation of the digits 1, 2, 3 and 4. If all of the permutations are listed numerically or alphabetically, we call it lexicographic order. The lexicographic permutations of 0, 1 and 2 are:

012 021; 102 120, 201; 210

What is the millionth lexicographic permutation of the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9?

- 4. Working from left-to-right if no digit is exceeded by the digit to its left a number is called an increasing number; for example, 134468. Similarly if no digit is exceeded by the digit to its right it is called a decreasing number; for example, 66420. We shall call a number which is neither increasing or decreasing a `bouncy' number; for example, 155349. As increases, the proportion of bouncy numbers belowincreases such that there are only 12 951 numbers below one-million that are not bouncy and only 277 032 non-bouncy numbers below 1¹⁰. How many numbers below 10 000 are bouncy?
- 5. An isosceles triangleAPQ is drawn so that P and Q lie on the sidesBC and CD respectively, of a squareABCD so that jAPj = jAQj. Show that the perimeter of APQ is less than the perimeter of the triangleABD (unlessP

Senior Questions

This week the Senior Questions are designed to be solved by writing a small computer program. You may think that by coding solutions a lot of the fun is lost, but programming languages introduce their own mathematical problems that you'll need to think about. A good program gets the solution and gets it fast, so when writing yours, think of how many tasks you're asking the computer to perform and ask yourself if they're all necessary - can you do it with less tasks? Also remember that computers can only really add or compare two numbers, so not all tasks take the same amount of time.